



Fasig-Tipton

CERTIFICATE OF REPRODUCTIVE STATUS

(to be completed by veterinarian no more than 10 days prior to day of sale)

DATE OF EXAMINATION _____

MARE NAME _____ HIP NO. _____

LOCATION AT TIME OF EXAMINATION _____

OWNER/AGENT _____

SALE _____

DATE OF SALE _____

I have this day examined the mare listed above and I have followed the customary standard veterinary clinical procedures in performing this examination. In accordance with the definitions set forth below and based upon information supplied to me by the owner or authorized agent or by my actual knowledge, it is my opinion:

- 1. THAT SAID MARE IS PREGNANT.
- 2. THAT SAID MARE IS NOT PREGNANT.

(If not pregnant, also check below)

- A. That said mare has never been mated (MAIDEN).
- B. That said mare was not mated for the breeding season of 20_____.
- C. That said mare was mated but is not pregnant.
- D. That said mare has aborted.
- E. That said mare has aborted twins.

(If not pregnant, also check 3 or 4)

- 3. THAT SAID MARE IS SUITABLE FOR MATING.
- 4. THAT SAID MARE IS NOT SUITABLE FOR MATING FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

NAME AND ADDRESS OF EXAMINING VETERINARIAN (Please print):

TELEPHONE NUMBER _____

SIGNATURE _____

DEFINITIONS

In providing written reports to interested parties, the American Association of Equine Practitioners has recommended all equine practitioners to adopt the following terms:

Pregnant: Any filly or mare shall be characterized as “pregnant” if and only if a practitioner has examined such animal for pregnancy at 42 days or more post mating during the applicable year and such examination indicated that such filly or mare was pregnant. Any report based on an examination at less than 42 days post mating should indicate the pregnancy status of the animal as well as the number of days post mating that the examination was performed. Accordingly, a report from a positive pregnancy exam at 42 or more days post mating indicates the filly or mare is “pregnant” without further comment. The results of a positive pregnancy determination prior to 42 days should be indicated in a manner showing the applicable number of days such as “pregnant-41 days”.

Aborted: Any filly or mare that is not pregnant at the time of examination should be reported as “aborted” rather than “not pregnant” if the person rendering the report is basing this statement on information and belief that (a) an aborted fetus was observed or (b) the mare had been declared “pregnant” based on an examination of 42 days or more post mating.

Not Pregnant: Any filly or mare that has been mated, examined for pregnancy, and found not pregnant at 42 days or more post mating during a specified year should be characterized as “not pregnant” unless such filly or mare has “aborted” as defined above. Any filly or mare that has been mated, examined for pregnancy, and found not pregnant prior to 42 days post mating should be indicated in a manner showing applicable number of days such as “not pregnant-41 days”. Any filly or mare determined to be pregnant prior to 42 days post mating and later found to be not pregnant should be characterized as “not pregnant” rather than “aborted” unless the examined has knowledge that an aborted fetus was observed.

Suitable for Mating: Any filly or mare that is not pregnant at the time of examination shall be characterized as “suitable for mating” if a palpation per rectum of the ovaries, uterus or cervix, and speculum examination of the cervix and vagina, does not reveal significant abnormalities that would indicate that the filly or mare is not reproductively within normal limits. A filly or mare that is “pregnant” or “pregnant-__days” at the time of examination, as determined by a palpation per rectum, shall be characterized as “suitable for mating” without further tests or examinations. Any reproductive examination or statement that a filly or mare is “suitable for mating” thus only indicates **either** (a) the results of the above-referenced palpation per rectum and speculum examination on the date performed or (b) the filly or mare was found to be “pregnant” or “pregnant-__days” and only reflects the examiner’s opinion that, at the time of this examination there is no apparent reason to question the particular filly or mare’s ability to conceive and deliver a live foal. There are many other tests or criteria that might be utilized to estimate the likelihood of a successful mating; however, a statement that a mare is “suitable for mating” shall not indicate any tests have been completed other than those specifically referenced above. Moreover, a filly or mare may be characterized as “suitable for mating” based on only one examination even though more than one examination might enhance the likelihood of discovering reproductive abnormalities.

Mating: The physical act of a stallion mounting a filly or mare with intromission of the penis and ejaculation. Artificial insemination qualifies as mating for breeds that permit artificial insemination.

Mated: Any filly or mare that has undergone the physical act of mating but whose pregnancy status as a result of such mating has never been determined.

Not mated: Any filly or mare that has not undergone the physical act of mating by any stallion during a specified year.